

Independent auditor's report

To the Board of Directors of Allianz Risk Transfer (Bermuda) Limited

Our opinion

In our opinion, the condensed financial statements of Allianz Risk Transfer (Bermuda) Limited (the Company) are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Insurance Act 1978, amendments thereto and the Insurance Account Rules 2016 with respect to condensed general purpose financial statements (the 'Legislation').

What we have audited

The Company's condensed financial statements comprise:

- the condensed balance sheet as at December 31, 2023;
- the condensed statement of income for the year then ended;
- the condensed statement of capital and surplus as at December 31, 2023; and
- the notes to the condensed financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the condensed financial statements* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA Code) and the ethical requirements of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Bermuda Rules of Professional Conduct (CPA Bermuda Rules) that are relevant to our audit of the condensed financial statements in Bermuda. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code and the ethical requirements of the CPA Bermuda Rules.

Emphasis of matter - basis of accounting

Without modifying our opinion, we note that the condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Legislation. The accounting policies used and the disclosures made are not intended to, and do not, comply with all of the requirements of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Responsibilities of management for the condensed financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of the condensed financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Legislation, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of condensed financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the condensed financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the condensed financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the condensed financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these condensed financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the condensed financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the condensed financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.



We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants

Pricewatehom Coopers Htd.

Hamilton, Bermuda

April 29, 2024

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET

	ALANCE SHEET
	fer (Bermuda) Limited
As at	December 31, 2023
	United States Dollars
LINE No.	
1.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS
1.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS
2.	QUOTED INVESTMENTS:
(a)	Bonds and Debentures
(a)	i. Held to maturity
	ii. Other
(b)	
(b)	Total Bonds and Debentures
(c)	Equities
	i. Common stocks
	ii. Preferred stocks
	iii. Mutual funds
(d)	Total equities
(e)	Other quoted investments
(f)	Total quoted investments
3.	UNQUOTED INVESTMENTS:
(a)	Bonds and Debentures
	i. Held to maturity
	ii. Other
(b)	Total Bonds and Debentures
(c)	Equities
	i. Common stocks
	ii. Preferred stocks
	iii . Mutual funds
(d)	Total equities
(e)	Other unquoted investments
(f)	Total unquoted investments
4.	INVESTMENTS IN AND ADVANCES TO AFFILIATES
(a)	Unregulated entities that conduct ancillary services
(b)	Unregulated non-financial operating entities
(c)	Unregulated financial operating entities
(d)	Regulated non-insurance financial operating entities
(e)	Regulated insurance financial operating entities
(f)	Total investments in affiliates
(g)	Advances to affiliates
(h)	Total investments in and advances to affiliates
	INVESTMENTS IN MORTO CO.
5.	INVESTMENTS IN MORTGAGE LOANS ON REAL ESTATE:
(a)	First liens
(b)	Other than first liens
(c)	Total investments in mortgage loans on real estate
6.	POLICY LOANS
7.	REAL ESTATE:
(a)	Occupied by the company (less encumbrances)
(b)	Other properties (less encumbrances)
(c)	Total real estate
8.	COLLATERAL LOANS
9.	INVESTMENT INCOME DUE AND ACCRUED
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10.	ACCOUNTS AND PREMIUMS RECEIVABLE:
	In course of collection
(a)	
(b)	Deferred - not yet due
(c)	Receivables from retrocessional contracts
(d)	Total accounts and premiums receivable
	DEINOUDANIOE DAI ANIOEG
11.	REINSURANCE BALANCES RECEIVABLE:
(a)	Foreign affiliates
(b)	Domestic affiliates
(c)	Pools & associations
(d)	All other insurers
(e)	Total reinsurance balance receivable
12.	FUNDS HELD BY CEDING REINSURERS

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET

CONDENSED BAL			
Allianz Risk Transfer			
As at	December 31, 2023		
LINE No.	United States Dollars	2022	2022
13.	SUNDRY ASSETS:	2023	2022
(a)	Derivative instruments	49,215,496	81,478,573
	Segregated accounts companies - long-term business -	43,213,430	01,470,575
(b)	variable annuities	-	-
(c)	Segregated accounts companies - long-term business -	-	-
(d)	Segregated accounts companies - general business	-	-
(e)	Deposit assets	-	-
(f)	Deferred acquisition costs	7,896,622	13,650,549
(g)	Net receivables for investments sold	-	-
(h)	Collateral Assets	47,731,751	47,480,569
(i)	Income Tax Receivable and Deferred Tax Asset	2,491,776	
(j)	Premium Rebate Reserve Receivables	-	4,514,787
(k)	Total sundry assets	107,335,645	147,124,478
4.4	LETTERS OF OREDIT, CHARANTEES AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS		
14.	Letters of credit, GUARANTEES AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS		
(a) (b)	Letters of credit Guarantees		
(c)	Other instruments		
(e)	Total letters of credit, guarantees and other instruments		
(0)	Total foliation of ording guarantees and other moduliness		
15.	TOTAL	422,805,348	742,784,569
	TOTAL INSURANCE RESERVES, OTHER LIABILITIES AND STATUTORY CAPITAL AND SURPLUS		
16.	UNEARNED PREMIUM RESERVE		
(a)	Gross unearned premium reserves	152,276,039	205,785,776
(b)	Less: Ceded unearned premium reserve		
	i. Foreign affiliates	-	-
	ii. Domestic affiliates	-	-
	iii. Pools & associations	-	-
	iv. All other insurers	151,534,640	204,679,275
(c)	Total ceded unearned premium reserve	151,534,640	204,679,275
(d)	Net unearned premium reserve	741,399	1,106,501
17.	LOCS AND LOCS EXPENSE PROVISIONS.		
(a)	LOSS AND LOSS EXPENSE PROVISIONS: Gross loss and loss expense provisions	1,211,486,476	1,138,151,269
(b)	Less : Reinsurance recoverable balance	1,211,460,470	1,136,131,209
(6)	i. Foreign affiliates	58,852,937	53,877,522
	ii. Domestic affiliates		
	iii. Pools & associations		
	iv. All other reinsurers	1,095,329,429	995,947,540
(c)	Total reinsurance recoverable balance	1,154,182,366	1,049,825,062
(d)	Net loss and loss expense provisions	57,304,110	88,326,207
18.	OTHER GENERAL BUSINESS INSURANCE RESERVES	-	-
19.	TOTAL GENERAL BUSINESS INSURANCE RESERVES	58,045,509	89,432,708
	OTHER LIABILITIES		
00	WALLAND THE	74.477.000	204 242 722
28.	INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE BALANCES PAYABLE	71,177,982	331,348,720
20	COMMISSIONIS EXPENSES SEES AND TAYES DAVABLE		
29.	COMMISSIONS, EXPENSES, FEES AND TAXES PAYABLE		
30.	LOANS AND NOTES PAYABLE		
30.	EDANG AND NOTES LATABLE		
31.	(a) INCOME TAXES PAYABLE		
02.	(4)		
	(b) DEFERRED INCOME TAXES	-	118,779
32.	AMOUNTS DUE TO AFFILIATES	- 1	-
33.	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES	19,621,056	6,344,880
34.	FUNDS HELD UNDER REINSURANCE CONTRACTS:	18,016,162	21,514,625
35.	DIVIDENDS PAYABLE		

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET

CONDENSED BALL	ANOE STILL!		
Allianz Risk Transfer	(Bermuda) Limited		
As at	December 31, 2023		
	United States Dollars		
LINE No.		2023	2022
36.	SUNDRY LIABILITIES:		
(a)	Derivative instruments	33,260,989	47,166,989
(b)	Segregated accounts companies	-	-
(c)	Deposit liabilities	-	-
(d)	Net payable for investments purchased	-	-
(e)	Deferred commissions	14,135,694	20,073,526
(f)	Collateral liability	76,719,196	75,125,705
(g)	Premium Rebate Reserve Payables	285,252	-
(h)	Total sundry liabilities	124,401,131	142,366,220
37.	LETTERS OF CREDIT, GUARANTEES AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS:	$\overline{}$	
(a)	Letters of credit		-
(b)	Guarantees		-
(c)	Other instruments		-
(d)	Total letters of credit, guarantees and other instruments		
38.	TOTAL OTHER LIABILITIES	233,216,331	501,693,224
39.	TOTAL INSURANCE RESERVES AND OTHER LIABILITIES	291,261,840	591,125,932
39.	TOTAL INSURANCE RESERVES AND OTHER LIABILITIES	291,201,040	591,125,932
	CAPITAL AND SURPLUS		
	CAPTIAL AND SURFLUS		
40.	TOTAL CAPITAL AND SURPLUS	131,543,508	151,658,637
-40.	TOTAL ON THE PART SOLIT EGG	101,040,000	101,000,001
41.	TOTAL	422,805,348	742,784,569
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CONDENSED STATEMENT OF INCOME
Allianz Risk Transfer (Bermuda) Limited
As at December 31, 2023
United States Dollars

	Officed States Dollars		
LINE No.		2023	2022
	GENERAL BUSINESS UNDERWRITING INCOME		
1.	GROSS PREMIUMS WRITTEN		
	(a) Direct gross premiums written	2,284,031	16,681,762
	(b) Assumed gross premiums written	507,951,128	597,746,457
	(c) Total gross premiums written	510,235,159	614,428,219
2.	REINSURANCE PREMIUMS CEDED	507,975,167	600,905,718
3.	NET PREMIUMS WRITTEN	2,259,992	13,522,501
4.	INCREASE (DECREASE) IN UNEARNED PREMIUMS	365,101	8,749,451
5.	NET PREMIUMS EARNED	2.625.093	00 074 050
5.	NEI PREMIUMS EARNED	2,025,095	22,271,952
6.	OTHER INSURANCE INCOME	49,122,527	80,058,989
			<u> </u>
7.	TOTAL GENERAL BUSINESS UNDERWRITING INCOME	51,747,620	102,330,941
	GENERAL BUSINESS UNDERWRITING EXPENSES		
8.	NET LOSSES INCURRED AND NET LOSS EXPENSES INCURRED	440,155	28,237,007
O.	THE LOOSES THOST THE THE LOOS EN ENDES THOST THE	440,100	20,201,001
9.	COMMISSIONS AND BROKERAGE	28,206,499	46,669,427
10.	TOTAL GENERAL BUSINESS UNDERWRITING EXPENSES	28,646,654	74,906,434
11.	NET UNDERWRITING PROFIT (LOSS) - GENERAL BUSINESS	23,100,966	27,424,507
11.	NET UNDERWRITING PROFIT (LOSS) - GENERAL BUSINESS	23,100,900	21,424,501
30.	COMBINED OPERATING EXPENSE		
	(a) General and administration	1,708,661	1,866,751
	(b) Personnel cost	8,628,893	5,937,045
	(c) Other	9,302,819	8,022,689
	(d) Total combined operating expenses	19,640,373	15,826,485
31.	COMBINED INVESTMENT INCOME - NET	(4,618,127)	2,455,315
51.	COMBINED INVESTMENT INCOME - NET	(4,010,121)	2,400,010
32.	COMBINED OTHER INCOME (DEDUCTIONS)	164,853	3,121,746
33.	COMBINED INCOME BEFORE TAXES	(992,681)	17,175,083
2.4	COMPINED INCOME TAYED (IF ADDITIONAL EV		
34.	COMBINED INCOME TAXES (IF APPLICABLE): (a) Current	2,586,190	2,256,174
	(b) Deferred	(2,795,407)	1,309,905
	(c) Total	(209,217)	3,566,079
35.	COMBINED INCOME BEFORE REALIZED GAINS (LOSSES)	(783,464)	13,609,004
36.	COMBINED REALIZED GAINS (LOSSES)	(26,134)	(239,330)
37.	COMBINED INTEREST CHARGES		-
3			
38.	NET INCOME	(809,598)	13,369,674

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CAPITAL AND SURPLUS Allianz Risk Transfer (Bermuda) Limited As at December 31, 2023 **United States Dollars** LINE No. 2023 2022 CAPITAL: Capital Stock (a) (i) Common Shares 120,000 120,000 authorized 120,000 shares of par value each issued and 1.000 fully paid shares (ii) (A) Preferred shares: shares of par authorized value each issued and fully paid shares aggregate liquidation value for -2023 2022 (B) Preferred shares issued by a subsidiary: authorized value each issued and fully paid aggregate liquidation value for -2023 (iii) Treasury Shares repurchased shares of par each issued value Contributed surplus 49,880,000 (b) 49,880,000 (c) Any other fixed capital (i) Hybrid capital instruments (ii) Guarantees and others (iii) Total any other fixed capital Total Capital 50,000,000 50,000,000 (d) 2. SURPLUS: (a) Surplus - Beginning of Year 101,658,637 92,361,425 (b) Add: Income for the year (809,598) 13,369,674 (20,000,000) (c) Less: Dividends paid and payable 694,469 (d) Add (Deduct) change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments (4,072,462) Add (Deduct): Change in non-admitted assets (e) Add (Deduct) change in any other surplus (f) 81,543,508 101,658,637 (g) Surplus - End of Year 3 MINORITY INTEREST TOTAL CAPITAL AND SURPLUS 131.543.508 151.658.637 4.

Notes to the Condensed General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

Part I - General Notes to the Financial Statements

1. **Business and organization**

Allianz Risk Transfer (Bermuda) Limited ("the Company") is a wholly owned subsidiary of Allianz Global Risks US Insurance Company ("AGR"), and was incorporated in Bermuda on September 20, 1999. The Company is licensed under the Insurance Act 1978 of Bermuda and related regulations to write all classes of property and casualty business.

Prior to 2019, the Company was a wholly owned subsidiary of Allianz Risk Transfer, Inc. ("ART NY") who was incorporated in the State of New York on April 7, 1998. In 2019, the Company became a wholly owned subsidiary of AGR, an insurance company based in Chicago, Illinois, USA. AGR is indirectly owned by Allianz SE, a stock company based in Germany.

2. **Business underwritten**

The Company specializes in providing customized insurance, reinsurance and non-traditional risk management and financial solutions to corporate clients worldwide.

A significant portion of the Company's business is based on generation of underwriting fees, whereby business is assumed from related parties and ceded to third parties who are looking to access the Company's underwriting platform.

The reinsurance coverage provided for the Company's own account, relates primarily to the Company's participation in various excess of loss property catastrophe reinsurance contracts. The Company also participates in various quota share and excess of loss reinsurance contracts including, but not necessarily limited to, the following lines of business: property, liability, credit & surety and miscellaneous financial loss. Catastrophe reinsurance provides cover for liabilities arising from unpredictable events such as hurricanes, windstorms, hailstorms, earthquakes, fires, industrial explosions, freezes, floods and other man-made or natural disasters. The Company manages its exposures of catastrophic events and other risks by purchasing retrocessional cover for these risks and by obtaining collateral for a significant portion of these exposures.

3. Accounting Standards

The condensed general purpose financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the financial reporting provisions of the Insurance Act 1978, amendments thereto and the Insurance Account Rules 2016 with respect to the Condensed General Purpose Financial Statements (the "Legislation"). The condensed general purpose financial statements are based upon accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP") but are in accordance with the reporting requirements of the Legislation, which varies in certain respects from US GAAP. The more significant variances are as follows:

- A statement of cash flows is not included;
- A statement of comprehensive income is not included;

Notes to the Condensed General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

Part I - General Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

3. Accounting Standards (continued)

- The presentation and classification of financial statement line items is in accordance with Schedules IX and XI of the Insurance Account Rules 2016 and differ from the expected presentation and classification under US GAAP, and
- The notes included in the condensed general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Schedule X of the Insurance Account Rules 2016 and exclude certain information required under US GAAP.

4. Significant accounting policies

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amount of reported assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The significant estimates reflected in the Company's financial statements include, but are not limited to, net loss and loss expense provisions, estimates of profit commission and the fair value of derivatives and unquoted investments.

The following are the significant accounting policies adopted by the Company:

(a) Premiums earned

Premiums written, assumed and ceded are recorded on the accruals basis and are included in income on a pro-rated basis in proportion to the amount of protection provided over the term of the underlying agreements, with the unearned portion deferred in the balance sheet, net of prepaid reinsurance premiums. Profit commission expenses are recorded on the accruals basis and are included in income on a pro-rated basis over the period in which the related premiums are earned. Profit commissions are based on the best estimate of ultimate premiums and losses under the agreements.

(b) Underwriting fees

Underwriting fees are accrued to the balance sheet date and are recognized on a pro-rated basis over the contract period.

(c) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits and collateral deposits with banks as well as money market funds with no restrictions on redemption.

(d) Loss and loss expense provisions

Losses and loss expenses paid are recorded when advised by the ceding insurance companies. Outstanding loss estimates comprise the amount of reported losses and loss expenses received from cedants plus a provision for losses incurred but not yet reported ("IBNR").

Notes to the Condensed General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

Part I - General Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

4. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(d) Loss and loss expense provisions (continued)

IBNR reserves are estimated by management using various actuarial methods, output from various catastrophe loss models, industry loss experience, underwriters' experience, general market trends and management's judgement.

Given the inherent nature of the Company's insured exposures (see Note 2) considerable uncertainty underlies the assumptions and associated estimates of outstanding losses and loss expenses. These estimates are reviewed regularly and, as experience develops and new information becomes known, the reserves are adjusted as necessary. Such adjustments, if any, are reflected in income in the period in which they are determined. Due to the inherent uncertainty in estimating the liability for losses and loss expenses, there can be no assurance that the ultimate liability will not be settled for significantly greater or lesser amounts than that recorded.

Based on the current assumptions used management believes, based on the recommendations of the qualified actuary, that the provision for outstanding losses and loss expenses will be adequate to cover the ultimate cost of losses incurred to the balance sheet date but the provision is necessarily an estimate and may ultimately be settled for a significantly greater or lesser amount. It is at least reasonably possible that management will revise this estimate significantly in the near term. Any subsequent differences arising are recorded in the period in which they are determined.

(e) Fair Value Measurements

The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (the exit price).

Basis of Fair Value Measurement

Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to the respective valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). An asset's or liability's classification within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of significant input to its valuation. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described further below:

Notes to the Condensed General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

Part I - General Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

- 4. Significant accounting policies (continued)
 - (e) Fair Value Measurements (continued)

Level 1 — Valuations based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities, that the Company has the ability to access at the measurement date. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these instruments does not entail a significant degree of judgment.

Level 2 — Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, such as interest rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals, broker quotes and certain pricing indices.

Level 3 — Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement. These measurements include circumstances where there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability. In these cases, significant management assumptions can be used to establish management's best estimate of the assumptions used by other market participants in determining the fair value of the asset or liability.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement in its entirety falls has been determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement of the asset or liability. The Company's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, and the Company considers factors specific to the asset or liability.

(f) Investments

The Company classifies its investments as available for sale or held for trading. Investments classified as available for sale are carried at fair value with unrealized gains or losses, net of related tax effects, included in the condensed balance sheets as a separate component of capital and surplus. Investments classified as held for trading are carried at fair value with unrealized gains or losses included in the condensed statement of income.

The fair value of fixed income securities is based upon quoted market values where available, "evaluated bid" prices provided by third party pricing services ("pricing services") where quoted market values are not available, or by reference to broker or underwriter bid indications where pricing services do not provide coverage for a particular security.

The carrying value of investments in unquoted equity instruments is established using the net asset value per unit, and which approximates fair value.

Notes to the Condensed General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

Part I - General Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

4. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(f) Investments (continued)

Realized gains and losses on sales of investments are determined on the basis of specific identification and are included in the condensed statement of income. Investment income, net of investment expenses, is accrued to the balance sheet date and includes amortization of premiums or discount on investments purchased at amounts different from their par value.

Investments with unrealized losses considered to be other than temporary are written down to fair value, creating a new cost basis for the investment. The impairment is recorded within realized losses in the statement of income.

(g) Derivative financial instruments

As part of the Company's underwriting strategy, the Company enters into derivative contracts. The Company designates its substantive derivative contracts in accordance with ASC 815 which establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts, and for hedging activities. This standard requires that an entity recognize derivatives as either assets or liabilities in the balance sheet and measure those instruments at fair value, with changes in the fair value recorded in earnings. The estimation of fair value is complex and requires management to exercise significant judgment. The fair values of derivatives are recorded as assets or liabilities as appropriate and changes in fair values are recorded in current earnings.

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company does not have transactions which qualify as fair value hedges.

Estimation of the fair values of the Company's derivative contracts requires management to make estimates in respect of such factors as energy prices and weather data, mortality rates, longevity rates and other future events. As such, the fair values estimated by management may differ significantly from the ultimate settlement value of these transactions. Adjustments to the fair value of these derivatives are reflected in income in the period in which they are made.

(h) Pension plans

The Company operates a defined contribution retirement plan for Bermudian employees. The plan is funded currently with employer contributions of 10% of an employee's salary and bonus (all contributions made up to the legal limits). The Company's contributions to the plan in 2023 were \$277,000 (2022 - \$194,000).

The Company operates a separate defined contribution retirement plan for International employees. The plan is funded currently with employer contributions of 10% of an employee's salary. The Company's contributions to the plan in 2023 were \$155,000 (2022 - \$117,000).

Notes to the Condensed General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

Part I - General Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

4. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(i) Federal income taxes

The Company uses the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences related to temporary differences between the amounts of assets and liabilities recognized for financial reporting purposes and such amounts recognized for income tax purposes, measured by applying currently enacted tax rates. The effect on deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in the period that includes the enactment date. The Company recognizes deferred tax assets if it is more likely than not that a benefit will be realized.

(j) Foreign exchange

Transactions denominated in currencies other than United States Dollars are translated to United States Dollars at the prior month end exchange rate. Financial assets and liabilities held in foreign currency are translated to United States Dollars at the rate prevailing at the balance sheet date. Foreign exchange gains or losses relating to these transactions are included in the statement of income.

- 5. See Part I, Note 4.
- 6. See Part I, Note 4.
- 7. N/A

8. Commitments and contingencies

In 2021, the Company renewed its lease for its Hamilton, Bermuda premises for a four year term that expires on September 30, 2025. The Company recorded total rent expenses of \$0.3 million during the year (2022 - \$0.3 million). The total minimum future lease payments required under this lease are as follows:

2024	\$337,500
2025	\$253,125
Total	\$ <u>590,625</u>

Notes to the Condensed General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

Part I - General Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

8. Commitments and contingencies (continued)

Effective January 1, 2020 AGR provided a parental guarantee of the Company's obligations up to a maximum guaranteed amount of approximately \$700,000,000. AGR charged a fee of \$0.5 million (2022: \$0.5 million) for the guarantee which is recorded in combined operating expenses.

9. - 12. N/A

13. Fair Value Measurements

The following table sets forth the fair value of the Company's quoted and unquoted investments as of December 31, 2023 by level within the fair value hierarchy:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>
Financial Assets Quoted bonds and debentures US Government Bond Mutual Funds	574,731 -	16,981,646	- -	574,731 16,981,646
Unquoted bonds and debentures Total Return Bond	-	11,345,997	-	11,345,997
Fund Catastrophe Bonds Corporate Bonds	- -	-		-
Unquoted equities Common stocks	-	-	485,454	485,454
_	574,731	28,327,643	485,454	29,387,828

The Company uses the most recently reported net asset value as advised by the administrator for its Level 3 investments, with lack of observable market data noted as an unobservable input.

Notes to the Condensed General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

Part I - General Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

13. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

The following table sets forth the fair value of the Company's quoted and unquoted investments as of December 31, 2022 by level within the fair value hierarchy:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>
Financial Assets Quoted bonds and debentures US Government Bonds Bond Mutual Funds	578,906 -	19,744,090	- -	578,906 19,744,090
Unquoted bonds and debentures Total Return Bond Fund Catastrophe Bonds Corporate Bonds	- - -	10,642,316	- - -	10,642,316
Unquoted equities Common stocks	-	-	592,050	592,050
	578,906	30,386,406	592,050	31,557,362

14. At December 31, 2023, the contractual maturity profile of the Company's fixed maturity and short-term investments is as follows:

Due within one year	-
Due after one year through five years	28,813,097
Due after five years through ten years	574,731
Due after ten years	-
Total	29,387,828

Notes to the Condensed General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

Part I - General Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

15. See Note 8.

Amounts receivable (payable) and fees incurred/ (charged) in the year to/from affiliates are as follows:

	Amounts receivable (payable)		Fees incurred/ (charged) in year ended	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
ART NY ART AG Allianz SE	104,339	(8,727)	1,315,918 86,988	3,717 3,806,703
Allianz Global Corp & Specialty SE	55,171	1,472,176	4,403,320	3,414,283
Allianz Global Risk US Insurance Co.	313,818	188,421	4,352,136	3,677,656
ART AG (Bermuda Branch)	838,461	1,052,727	-	(2,995,306)
	1,311,789	2,704,597	10,158,362	7,907,053

During 2023, the Company assumed from affiliates and retroceded to affiliates certain reinsurance transactions. The amounts related to this for the year are as follows:

Gross premium written assumed from affiliates \$281,734,411 Reinsurance premium ceded to affiliates \$1,518,659

16. The Board of Directors have assessed and evaluated all subsequent events arising from the balance sheet date up until April 30, 2024 the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and have assessed that there are no events requiring additional disclosure.

In 2023 a strategic decision was made to cease entering into, and renewing insurance agreements, apart from in cases where the Company had, for example, a contractual or good faith obligation to do so. All obligations under all existing in-force insurance agreements continue to be met in full.

PART II - Notes to the Statement of Capital and Surplus

- 1 (a). Common stock, authorized, issued and fully paid 120,000 shares of par value \$1 each.
- 1 (b). Contributed surplus represents amounts contributed by AGR in cash in addition to their subscription to issued share capital.
- 2 (c). In 2023, the Company declared and paid \$20 million in dividends (2022: \$ nil).

Notes to the Condensed General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

Part III - Notes to the Balance Sheet

1. As at December 31, 2023, cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$69 million (2022 - \$149 million) is held by one U.S. financial institution. The Company's management evaluates the financial strength and stability of the U.S. financial institution on a periodic basis.

The Company maintains collateral balances at a number of financial institutions supporting transactions written using International Security Dealers Association derivative contracts. The balances for the years ending December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as shown in the following table:

		Collateral Asset Balance		
	Jurisdiction	Rating (S&P)	2023 \$	2022 \$
Financial institution 1	USA	A+	8,195,914	16,786,492
Financial institution 2	USA	A-	25,205,927	19,662,779
Financial institution 3	UK	A	3,745,384	(7,671,505)
			37,147,225	28,777,766

- 2. See Part I Note 4 for the method of valuation for quoted investments.
- 3. See Part I Note 4 for the method of valuation for unquoted investments. Unquoted equity securities of \$0.5 million (2022 \$0.6 million) comprise an equity participation in an unquoted limited liability company focused on investing in energy and infrastructure opportunities on a global basis.

Unquoted bonds and debentures comprise investments in a total return bond fund of \$11.3 million (2022 - \$10.6 million).

Included in investments, are quoted bonds and debentures of \$17.6 million (2022 - \$20.3 million) classified as held for trading.

4. Advances to affiliates of \$1.3 million (2022 - \$2.7 million) include fees billed to related parties for general advice and consulting assistance in analyzing and structuring deals. Outstanding balances are interest-free and carry no fixed repayment terms.

5. - 9. N/A

- 10. Accounts and premiums receivable of \$153.4 million at December 31, 2023 (2022 \$340.4 million) comprises (i) premiums receivable from third parties \$50 million (2022: \$57.2 million), (ii) premiums receivable from affiliates \$66.9 million (2022: \$229.4 million) and (iii) amounts deferred not yet due \$36.5 million (2022: \$53.7 million).
- 11. N/A

Notes to the Condensed General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

PART III - Notes to the Balance Sheet (continued)

- 12. Funds held by ceding reinsurers of \$nil million (2022 \$7.7 million) represent amounts due from an affiliate.
- As part of the Company's underwriting strategy, it entered into derivative contracts. The Company designates its derivative contracts in accordance with ASC 815 which establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts, and for hedging activities. See Part I Note 3 of the notes to the condensed general purpose financial statements for the description of the policies surrounding the use of derivatives. Sundry assets include:
 - a) Derivative assets of \$49.2 million at December 31, 2023 (2022 \$81.5 million). The balance sheet position represents:
 - i) a derivative with an affiliate representing hedging of the Company's long-term compensation plan exposure with fair value of \$1.6 million (2022: \$1.3 million).
 - ii) derivatives with corporate customers written using International Security Dealers Association derivative contracts with a gross nominal amount of \$1,011 million (2022 \$1,336 million), net nominal amount of \$101.1 million (2022 \$133.6 million), and a net fair value of \$47.6 million (2022 \$80.1 million). The following derivatives by issuer have a nominal exposure greater that 5% of the total aggregate exposure:

	Gross Nominal Value \$	Net Nominal Value \$	Gross Fair Market Value \$	Net Fair Market Value \$
Corporate Customer 1	157,040,840	15,704,084	106,380,595	10,638,059
Corporate Customer 2	150,250,000	15,025,000	90,527,342	9,052,734
Corporate Customer 3	112,155,354	11,215,535	73,695,297	7,369,530
Corporate Customer 4	64,800,000	6,480,000	37,425,917	3,742,592
Corporate Customer 5	64,021,562	6,402,156	12,689,870	1,268,987
Corporate Customer 6	34,581,832	3,458,183	3,233,735	323,373
Corporate Customer 7	13,769,259	1,376,926	8,067,871	806,787
Corporate Customer 8	8,540,000	854,000	7,461,750	746,175

The net fair value of \$47.6 million comprises the gross value of \$476.1 million offset by \$428.5 million which is contractually due to a corporate customer under the provisions of the derivative contracts.

Notes to the Condensed General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

PART III - Notes to the Balance Sheet (continued)

13. (a) (continued)

Included within the total fair value of the derivative assets is an estimate that relates to an ongoing settlement dispute under a contract affected by Winter Storm Uri, in February 2022. As a result of a failure to pay amounts due to the Company (as advised by the Calculation Agent), the Company undertook an early termination of the contract, which led to further amounts becoming due to the Company under the contract.

The dispute is now in litigation, where the range of possible outcomes could result in a gross settlement of \$nil - \$204 million due to the Company (net \$nil - \$20.4 million).

At December 31, 2023, management's estimate of fair value considered the weighted average of similar contract settlements that have occurred as a result of Winter Storm Uri, and we have booked an estimate that is within the range of possible outcomes.

Due to the inherent uncertainty in estimating the aforementioned fair value, there can be no assurance that the ultimate settlement will not be significantly greater or less than the net derivative asset recorded as at December 31, 2023.

- f) Deferred acquisition costs ("DAC") represent the deferral of ceding commissions on quota share and treaty retrocession contracts.
- h) Collateral balances include \$47.7 million (2022 \$47.5 million) maintained with corporate customers supporting transactions written using International Security Dealers Association derivative contracts and reinsurance contracts.
- i) Income taxes receivable are \$nil (2022 \$nil) and net deferred tax asset are \$2.5 million (2022 \$0.1 million (liability)). The net deferred tax liability represent the expected future income tax payable for certain balance sheet amounts that have been deferred for tax (i.e. DAC) and unrealized amounts in the statement of income.
- j) Other assets include premium rebate reserve receivables of \$nil (2022 \$4.3 million) on certain structured reinsurance contracts.
- 14. N/A
- 15. N/A
- 16. See Part I, Note 4.

Notes to the Condensed General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

PART III - Notes to the Balance Sheet (continued)

17. (a) For certain insured events there is considerable uncertainty underlying the assumptions and associated estimates of outstanding losses and loss adjustment expense provisions and these estimates are reviewed regularly and, as experience develops and new information becomes known, the reserves are adjusted as necessary. The uncertainty surrounding reserves for insured exposures arises from items such as, but not limited to, policy coverage issues, multiple events affecting one geographic area and the impact on claims adjusting by ceding companies. This can cause significant delays to the timing of notification of changes to loss estimates reported by ceding companies.

Reinsurance contracts do not relieve the Company from its obligations to policyholders. Failure of reinsurers to honour their obligations could result in losses to the Company. Consequently, allowances are established for amounts deemed uncollectible. The Company evaluates the financial condition of its reinsurers and monitors concentrations of credit risk arising from similar geographic regions, activities, or economic characteristics of the reinsurers to minimize its exposure to significant losses from reinsurer insolvencies.

Outstanding losses recoverable from reinsurers of \$1,045 million (2022 - \$953 million) are secured by funds held in trusts for which the Company is a beneficiary.

Notes to the Condensed General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

PART III - Notes to the Balance Sheet (continued)

17. (a) (continued)

The table below represents the movements in the loss and loss expense provisions for the current year and previous year:

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Gross loss and loss expense provisions a. beginning of year	1,138,151,270	1,457,811,918
Less: Reinsurance recoverable beginning of year	1,049,825,062	1,354,320,075
Net loss and loss expense provisions b. beginning of year	88,326,208	103,491,843
Net losses incurred and net loss expenses incurred related to:		
Current year	3,248,751	10,958,041
Prior years	(2,808,596)	17,278,967
Total net incurred losses and loss expense	440,155	28,237,008
Net losses and loss expenses paid or payable related to:		
Current year	(743,009)	813,865
Prior years	31,390,912	41,033,887
Total losses and loss expenses paid or payable	30,647,903	41,847,752
Foreign exchange and other Net loss and loss expense	(814,349)	(1,554,891)
provisions - end of year	57,304,110	88,326,208
Add: Reinsurance recoverable at end of year	1,154,182,366	1,049,825,062
Gross loss and loss expense provisions at end of year	\$1,211,486,476	\$1,138,151,270

Notes to the Condensed General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

PART III - Notes to the Balance Sheet (continued)

17. (a) (continued)

The development in net incurred losses relates to the Property and Casualty lines of business. The negative development in the Casualty portfolio is mostly driven by deterioration of a single large loss reported in 2022, partially offset by better than expected experience in the Property portfolio.

- 20 27. N/A
- 28. Insurance and reinsurance balances payable of \$71.2 million (2022 \$331.3 million) represent reinsurance balances due to third parties of \$46.6 million (2022 \$210.7 million) and due to affiliates of \$24.6 million (2022- \$120.6 million).
- 29. N/A
- 30. N/A

31. (a) Bermuda

The Bermuda Corporate Income Tax Act (Bermuda CIT Act) was enacted on December 27, 2023 and is effective in 2025 for Bermuda businesses that are part of multinational groups with annual revenue exceeding Euro 750 million. The Company has determined that it falls within the scope of the Bermuda CIT Act but has not recorded any Bermuda CIT related deferred tax assets (DTA) as at December 31, 2023 since those DTAs would be expected to carry a full valuation allowance as a result of the US taxes paid by the Company under its 953d election qualifying as foreign tax credits for the purpose of Bermuda CIT.

United States

In 1999 the Company made an election under Section 953(d) of the Internal Revenue Code to be taxed as a U.S. domestic insurance company for federal tax purposes and to be included in a consolidated tax return for AGR. Under the dual consolidation loss rules of the 953(d) election, tax loss benefits generated by the Company will only be available to offset income of the Company.

Notes to the Condensed General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

PART III - Notes to the Balance Sheet (continued)

- 31. *(b)* See Part III, Note 13(i).
- 32. N/A
- 33. Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are \$3.1 million (2022 \$2.3 million) for restricted stock unit grants and other employee provisions and \$16.5 million (2022 \$4.0 million) for other sundry liabilities.
- 34. Included in funds held under reinsurance contracts is an amount of \$18 million (2022 \$21.5 million) representing amounts due to an affiliate.
- 35. N/A
- 36. Sundry liabilities include:
 - a) Derivative liabilities of \$33.3 million at December 31, 2023 (2022 \$47.2 million). See Part I Note 3 for the description of the policies surrounding the use of derivatives. The balance sheet position represents:
 - i) Derivatives with financial institutions written using International Security Dealers Association derivative contracts with a gross nominal amount of \$681 million (2022 \$743 million), net nominal amount of \$68.1 million (2022 \$74.3 million), and a net fair value of \$28.2 million (2022 \$40.9 million). The following derivatives by issuer have a nominal exposure greater that 5% of the total aggregate exposure:

	Gross Nominal	Net Nominal	Gross Fair Market	Net Fair Market
	Value	Value	Value	Value
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Corporate Customer 1	84,842,285	8,484,229	54,805,440	5,480,544
Corporate Customer 2	81,625,000	8,162,500	9,817,342	981,734
Corporate Customer 3	66,844,714	6,684,471	7,522,617	752,262
Corporate Customer 4	56,736,032	5,673,603	4,496,810	449,681
Corporate Customer 5	55,541,289	5,554,129	7,153,809	715,381
Corporate Customer 6	54,352,886	5,435,289	26,873,710	2,687,371
Corporate Customer 7	38,560,773	3,856,077	5,714,560	571,456
Corporate Customer 8	37,597,708	3,759,771	1,293,863	129,386
Corporate Customer 9	34,539,843	3,453,984	49,717,077	4,971,708
Corporate Customer 10	34,399,300	3,439,930	14,894,009	1,489,401

Notes to the Condensed General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

PART III - Notes to the Balance Sheet (continued)

36. (continued)

The net fair value of \$28.2 million comprises the gross value of \$281.8 million offset by \$253.6 million which is contractually due to a corporate customer under the provisions of the derivative contracts.

- ii) A derivative with a financial institution with a nominal amount of \$110 million (2022 \$110 million) and fair value of \$5.1 million (2022 \$5.6 million). The maturity date of the instrument is April 2044.
- iii) A derivative with a financial institution written using International Security Dealers Association derivative contracts with a nominal amount of GBP 80 million (2022: GBP 80 million) and a fair value of \$nil (2022 \$0.7 million).
- e) Deferred commissions represent the deferral of ceding commissions on quota share and treaty retrocession contracts.
- f) Included in collateral deposits amounts received from third parties supporting margin requirements for derivative contracts in the amount of \$76.7 million (2022 \$75.1 million).
- g) N/A

37. N/A

Part IV - Notes to the Statement of Income

- 6. Other insurance income represents commissions and underwriting fees earned by the Company.
- 15. N/A
- 32. Other income (deductions) of \$0.7 million (2022 \$3.1 million) represent the net impact of realized and unrealized foreign exchange gains and losses on balance sheet items held in currencies other than US Dollars.
- 36. Realized losses of \$0.03 million (2022 \$0.2 million) represent realized losses on disposal of unquoted bonds and debentures.